

## Redefining Measurement

# ID100 Visible Single-Photon Detector

High Timing Resolution and Low Dark Count Rate

IDQ's ID100 series consists of compact and affordable single-photon detector modules with best-in-class timing resolution and state-of-the-art dark count rate based on a reliable silicon avalanche photodiode sensitive in the visible spectral range: 350-900 nm. The ID100 series detectors come as:

- ▶ free-space modules, the ID100-20 and ID100-50 with 20  $\mu\text{m}$  and 50  $\mu\text{m}$  photosensitive area, respectively
- ▶ fibre-coupled modules, the ID100-SMF20, ID100-MMF50 and the ID100-MMF100 coming with a standard FC/PC optical input.

The modules are available in four dark count grades, with a dark count rate as low as 7 Hz.

With a timing resolution as low as 40 ps and a remarkably short dead time of 45 ns, these modules outperform existing commercial detectors in all applications requiring single-photon detection with high timing accuracy and stability up to a count rate of 20 MHz.



## Key Features

- ▶ 350-900 nm
- ▶ Best-in-class timing resolution (40 ps)
- ▶ Low dead time (45 ns)
- ▶ Small IRF shift at high count rates
- ▶ Regular, standard and ultra-low noise grades
- ▶ Peak photon detection at  $\lambda = 500 \text{ nm}$
- ▶ Active area diameter of 20  $\mu\text{m}$  or 50  $\mu\text{m}$
- ▶ Free-space or fibre coupling
- ▶ Not damaged by strong illumination
- ▶ No bistability

## Applications

- ▶ Time correlated single-photon counting (TCSPC)
- ▶ Fluorescence and luminescence detection
- ▶ Single molecule detection, DNA sequencing
- ▶ Fluorescence correlation spectroscopy
- ▶ Flow cytometry, spectrophotometry
- ▶ Quantum cryptography, quantum optics
- ▶ Laser scanning microscopy
- ▶ Adaptive optics
- ▶ Particle physics
- ▶ Dynamic light scattering (DLS)

## VISIBLE SINGLE-PHOTON DETECTOR

### Specifications

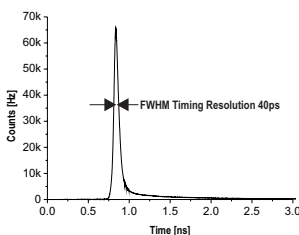
Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Wavelength range	350		900	nm
Timing resolution [FWHM] <b>1 2 1</b>		40	60	ps
Single-photon detection probability (SPDE) <b>3</b>				
at 400 nm	15	18		%
at 500 nm	30	35		%
at 600 nm	20	25		%
at 700 nm	15	18		%
at 800 nm	5	7		%
at 900 nm	3	4		%
Afterpulsing probability <b>4</b>		0.5		%
Output pulse width	9	10	15	ns
Output pulse amplitude <b>3 5</b>	1.5	2	2.5	V
Deadtime		45	50	ns
Maximum count rate (pulsed light)		20		MHz
Supply voltage <b>4</b>	5.6	6	6.5	V
Supply current <b>4</b>		100	150	mA
Storage temperature	-40		70	°C
Cooling time			5	s

- Optimal timing resolution is obtained when incoming photons are focused on the photosensitive area.
- The ID100 is free of indicating LEDs to maintain complete darkness during measurements.
- The detector output is designed to avoid distortion and ringing when driving a 50 Ohms load.
- Universal network adapter provided (110/220 V).
- See on page 4 the A-PPI-D pulse shaper for negative input equipment compatibility.
- The ID100-SMF20 contains a single mode fibre optimized to your operating wavelength
- The ID100-MMF50 contains a 50/125  $\mu\text{m}$  multi-mode fibre optimized for the visible spectral range with a 0.22 numerical aperture. The coupling efficiency is larger than 80%.
- The ID100-MMF100 contains a 100/140  $\mu\text{m}$  multi-mode fibre optimized for the visible spectral range with a 0.22 numerical aperture. The coupling efficiency is larger than 50%.

**Dark count rate:** IDQ's modules are available in four grades: **Educational, Regular, Standard** and **Ultra-Low Noise**, depending on dark count rate specifications.

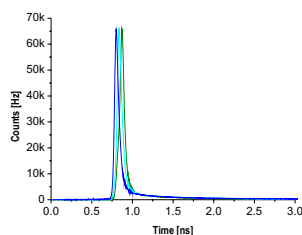
	Active Area Diameter	TE Cooled	Educational	Regular	Standard	Ultra Low Noise
ID100-20	20um	Yes	<1000Hz	<250Hz	=<25Hz	=<7Hz
ID100-SMF20 <b>6</b>		Yes				
ID100-50	50um	Yes	<1000Hz	<250Hz	<100Hz	<60Hz
ID100-MMF50 <b>7</b>		Yes				
ID100-MMF100 <b>8</b>		Yes				

#### 1 Timing Resolution



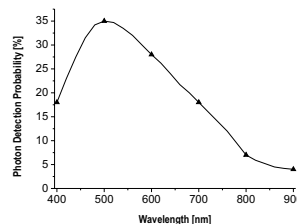
Optimal timing resolution is obtained when incoming photons are focused on the photosensitive area.

#### 2 IRF Shift with Output Count Rate

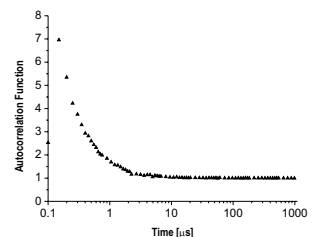


Extremely low shift of instrument response function with output count rate (less than 70 ps from 10 kHz to 8 MHz).

#### 3 Photon Detection Probability versus $\lambda$



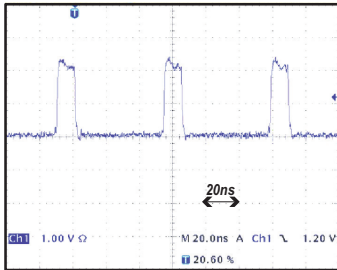
#### 4 Afterpulsing



Typical autocorrelation function of a constant laser signal, recorded at a count rate of 10 kHz.

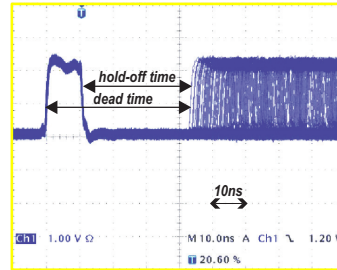
## VISIBLE SINGLE-PHOTON DETECTOR

### 5 Maximum count rate - Pulsed light



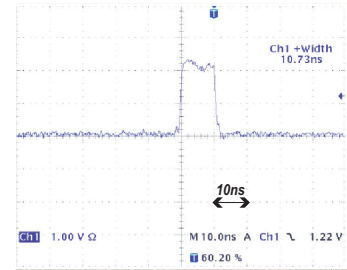
The short deadtime of the ID100 allows operation at very high repetition frequencies (up to 20 MHz).

### 6 Dead Time



Measurement obtained with an oscilloscope in infinite persistence mode: the deadtime consists of the output pulse width and the hold-off time during which the ID100 is kept insensitive.

### 7 Output Pulse

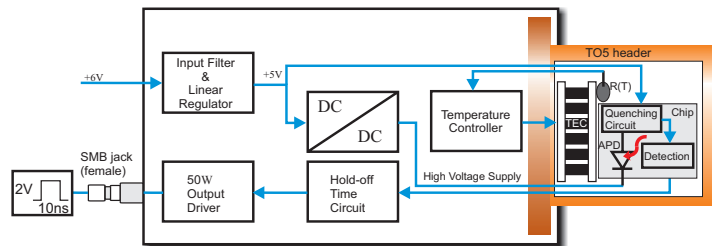


Typical pulse of 2 V amplitude and 10 ns width observed at the output of an ID100 terminated with 50 Ω load. Recommended trigger level: 1 V. For timing applications, triggering on rising edge is recommended to take full advantage of the detector's timing resolution.

## Principle of Operation

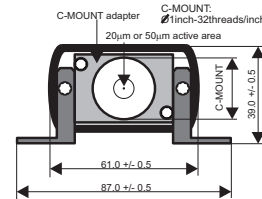
The ID100 consists of an avalanche photodiode (APD) and an active quenching circuit integrated on the same silicon chip. The chip is mounted on a thermoelectric cooler and packaged in a standard TO5 header with a transparent window cap. A thermistor is used to measure temperature. The APD is operated in Geiger mode, i.e. biased above breakdown voltage. A high voltage supply used to bias the diode is provided by a DC/DC converter. The quenching circuit is supplied with +5 V. The module output pulse indicates the arrival of a photon with high timing resolution. The pulse is shaped using a hold-off time circuit and sent to a 50 Ω output driver. All internal settings are preset for optimal operation at room temperature. In the fibre-coupled version, a fibre pigtail with FC/PC connector is coupled to the detector.

## Block Diagram

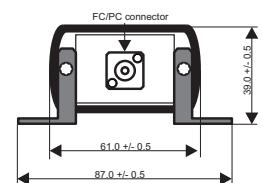


## Dimensional Outline

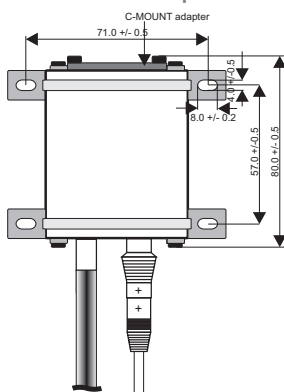
(in mm)  
ID100-20 / ID100-50 Front View



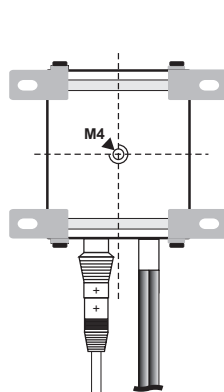
ID100-SMF20 Front View  
ID100-MMF50 Front View  
ID100-MMF100 Front View



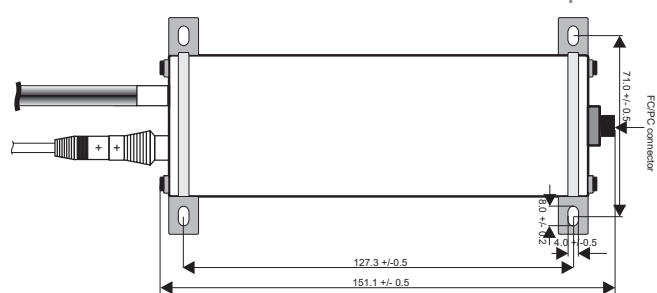
ID100-20 ID100-50 Top View



ID100-20 / ID100-50 Bottom View

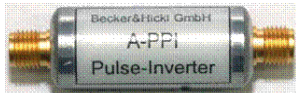


ID100-SMF20 ID100-MMF50 ID100-MMF100 Top View

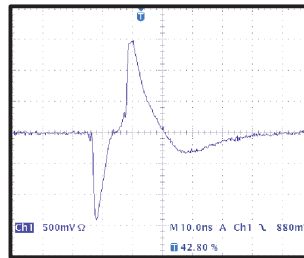


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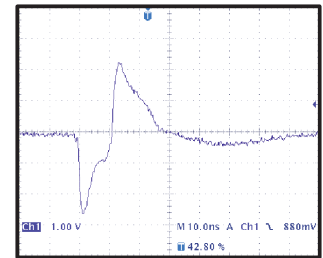
### Accessory - Optional Pulse Shaper



IDQ provides as an option a pulse shaper (A-PPI-D) which can be used with devices requiring negative input pulses. The leading edge of the ID100 output pulse is converted into a sharp negative pulse with typical amplitudes of 1.4 V for a 50 Ω load and 2.5 V for a high impedance load. The pulse shaper comes with two SMA/BNC adapters.



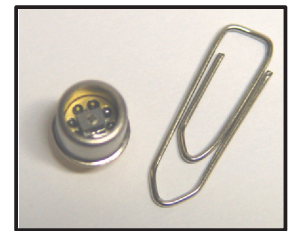
Typical output pulse of an ID100 equipped with a A-PPI-D pulse shaper in 50 Ω load.



Typical output pulse of an ID100 equipped with a A-PPI-D pulse shaper in high impedance load.

### ID101 Series - The world's smallest photon counter

For large-volume OEM applications, IDQ offers the ID101 series, consisting of a standard TO5 - 8pins optoelectronic package with a CMOS silicon chip (single-photon avalanche diode and fast active quenching circuit) mounted on top of a thermoelectric cooler. A thermistor is available for temperature monitoring and control. An evaluation board is available upon request. When properly biased, the performance is comparable with that of the ID100-50. IDQ's engineering team offers technical support to simplify integration. A fibre coupled version, the ID101-MMF50, is also available. See the ID101 datasheet for more information.



### Mounting options

The ID100 series comes with different mounting options:

- ▶ Mounting brackets (supplied) for screws of diameter up to 4mm.
- ▶ A standard optical post holder (not supplied) with the M4 threaded hole on the bottom (ID100-20 & ID100-50 only).
- ▶ The C-MOUNT adapter to add optical elements in front of the detector (ID100-20 & ID100-50 only).



### Supplied Accessories

- ▶ Mounting brackets (4x)
- ▶ C-Mount adapter (except for fibre coupled devices)
- ▶ Coaxial cable (1 m, BNC-SMB)
- ▶ Power supply with universal input plugs
- ▶ Operating guide
- ▶ Angled 2.5 mm hexagonal key to remove the C-Mount adapter
- ▶ Torx key to remove mounting brackets



### Ordering information

D100-20-XXX	Photon counter with 20 μm active area.
ID100-50-XXX	Photon counter with 50 μm active area.
ID100-SMF20-XXX	Photon counter with singlemode fibre pigtail (FC/PC connector).
ID100-MMF50-XXX	Photon counter with multimode fibre pigtail (50/125 μm, FC/PC connector).
ID100-MMF100-XXX	Photon counter with multimode fibre pigtail (100/140 μm, FC/PC connector).

Select dark count grade:

XXX = EDU for Educational; REG for Regular; STD for Standard; ULN for Ultra-Low Noise.

